WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- A nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery comprising a 1 positive electrode including a positive electrode active material, 2 a negative electrode including a carbon material as a negative 3 electrode active material and a nonaqueous electrolyte including a 4 solvent and a solute, wherein sulfolane is contained as a solvent 5. 6 in the nonaqueous electrolyte and vinyl ethylene carbonate and 7. vinylene carbonate or a derivative of vinylene carbonate are added to the nonaqueous electrolyte. 8
- 2. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein sulfolane is contained in an amount of at least 15 % by volume, on the basis of the total volume of the solvent.
- 3. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein the amount of vinyl ethylene carbonate added to the nonaqueous electrolyte is in a range of 0.1 ~ 5 parts by weight per 100 parts by weight of the nonaqueous electrolyte.
- 4. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to claim 2, wherein the amount of vinyl ethylene carbonate added to the nonaqueous electrolyte is in a range of 0.1 ~ 5 parts by weight per 100 parts by weight of the nonaqueous electrolyte.

- 5. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to claim 1, wherein the amount of vinylene carbonate or a derivative thereof added to the nonaqueous electrolyte is in a range of 0.1 ~ 5 parts by weight per 100 parts by weight of the nonaqueous electrolyte.
- 1 6. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to claim 2, wherein the amount of vinylene carbonate or a derivative thereof added to the nonaqueous electrolyte is in a range of 0.1 ~ 5 parts by weight per 100 parts by weight of the nonaqueous electrolyte.
- 7. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to claim 3, wherein the amount of vinylene carbonate or a derivative thereof added to the nonaqueous electrolyte is in a range of 0.1 ~ 5 parts by weight per 100 parts by weight of the nonaqueous electrolyte.
- 1 8. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to claim 4, wherein the amount of vinylene carbonate or a derivative thereof added to the nonaqueous electrolyte is in a range of 0.1 ~ 5 parts by weight per 100 parts by weight of the nonaqueous electrolyte.

- 1 9. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to
- 2 claim 1, wherein the nonaqueous electrolyte contains γ -
- 3 butyrolactone and sulfolane as the main solvents.
- 1 10. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to
- 2 claim 2, wherein the nonaqueous electrolyte contains γ -
- 3 butyrolactone and sulfolane as the main solvents.
- 1 11. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to
- 2 claim 3, wherein the nonaqueous electrolyte contains γ -
- 3 butyrolactone and sulfolane as the main solvents.
- 1 12. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to
- 2 claim 4, wherein the nonaqueous electrolyte contains y-
- 3 butyrolactone and sulfolane as the main solvents.
- 1 13. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to
- 2 claim 5, wherein the nonaqueous electrolyte contains γ -
- 3 butyrolactone and sulfolane as the main solvents.
- 1 14. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to
- 2 claim 6, wherein the nonaqueous electrolyte contains y-
- 3 butyrolactone and sulfolane as the main solvents.

- 1 15. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to
- 2 claim 7, wherein the nonaqueous electrolyte contains γ -
- 3 butyrolactone and sulfolane as the main solvents.
- 1 16. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to
- 2 claim 8, wherein the nonaqueous electrolyte contains γ -
- 3 butyrolactone and sulfolane as the main solvents.
- 1 17. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to
- 2 claim 1, wherein the carbon material has a ratio (I_p/I_g) of a Raman
- 3 spectrum intensity (R) obtained by Raman spectroscopy of 0.2 or
- 4 greater.
- 1 18. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to
- claim 2, wherein the carbon material has a ratio (I_p/I_c) of a Raman
- 3 spectrum intensity (R) obtained by Raman spectroscopy of 0.2 or
- 4 greater.
- 1 19. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to
- 2 claim 3, wherein the carbon material has a ratio (I_D/I_G) of a Raman
- 3 spectrum intensity (R) obtained by Raman spectroscopy of 0.2 or
- 4 greater.

20. The nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery according to claim 5, wherein the carbon material has a ratio (I_D/I_G) of a Raman spectrum intensity (R) obtained by Raman spectroscopy of 0.2 or greater.